

## **Editorial**

The Brazilian Journal of Latin American Studies (REBELA) concludes another volume, the seventh, in the effort to think critically about the Great Homeland. Since January 2011, this publication, created in partnership with IELA / UFSC and Grupo de Pesquisa Organization & Práxis Libertadora, UFRGS, presents articles, reviews, videos and photographic essays on the themes that determine the determinations of dependence and underdevelopment in Latin America.

In this issue we open with the text of the professor of the National University of Costa Rica, Rafael Cuevas Molina, "The expansive waves of the Russian Revolution of October 1917: the case of Ernesto "Che" Guevara and the Cuban Revolution", in which he binds the revolutionary process that took place in October 1917 with the unleashing of the national liberation struggles that emerged on the periphery of the capitalist system, specifically in Latin America. Later, Cristiane Luíza Sabino de Souza presents "Florestan Fernandes and the debate on dependence in Latin America", highlighting the main elements of Florestan's theoretical elaboration, seeking a critical reflection on dependence in Latin America yesterday and today. Ricardo Shiota writes "Gilberto Freyre and the Brazilian Revolution", an article that seeks to reconstruct the positions of Gilberto Freyre about the Brazilian revolution category.

Still in the articles section, Guilherme Gravina brings "Reality occultation stratagems and the cibercapitaniahereditária", revealing the concentration of media communication companies and their disagreement with labor governments in Brazil. Felipe Alexandre de Lima and Fábio Freitas Schilling Marquesan present "Indigenous lands in Ceará: a history of struggles and resistance", in which they discuss the right of indigenous peoples to land, singling out the conflicts and disputes experienced in the state of Ceará and unveiling the irregularities that define land tenure. Next we have the article "An introduction to the All People's War, the cuban's State military doctrine" by Jefferson Euclides Vasconcelos, which aims to present the military doctrine in force in Cuba, and to understand how the state, and civil society organize for possible aggression.

Juliana Tiburcio Silveira-Fossaluzza and José Luís Vieira de Almeida write "Potential proletarian class consciousness and teachers of basic education: stories and possible

**relationships"**, article that analyzes the narrative of a sociology teacher who militated in the strike of the teachers of the network state of São Paulo, in the year 2015, and a history teacher who also works in the same teaching network. To conclude the section, Maria Goreti Juvencio Sobrinho brings "**The mechanism of overexplotation of labor and the structural crisis of capital"**, in which it resumes some theses of the Brazilian social scientist Ruy Mauro Marini (1932-1997) to think about the challenges posed to the workers at the present time.

The Review is by the teacher and writer Gilberto Felisberto Vasconcellos, "Good morning Gondin da Fonseca". In the text, Gilberto presents the work of Gondin, a Brazilian writer of fundamental importance and who is forgotten in the compendia of literature.

The photo essay is by journalist and photographer Rubens Lopes, "La Higuera, the memory of Che Guevara", with images of the site where Che Guevara was murdered in Vallegrande, Bolivia.

In this edition we also have an interview by Taís Gangussu, with professor Paris Yeros, from the Federal University of ABC in São Paulo, and also a researcher at the African Institute for Agrarian Studies (Zimbabwe). In this talk he talks about his career, the global situation of the South - focused on Brazil and Zimbabwe -, social movements and new challenges for agrarian reform. The work "Challenges for Agrarian Reform in the South of the World" has an introduction by Damian Lobos.

We hope this is a good read.

**Editorial Collective**